## "SECRETS OF THE KINGDOM" (The Parables of Jesus)

WEST OLIVE CHURCH OF CHRIST - Wednesday PM Bible Class - Rich Howell

## D-"KINGDOM GROWTH PARABLES" SUPPLEMENT 2 - The Wheat and the Weeds (Matthew 13:24-30,36-43)

**INTRODUCTION:** Like the Parable of the Sower, the Wheat and the Weeds is a two-part parable in which Jesus gives the PICTURE publicly (to His general audience), while giving the INTERPRETATION privately (to His chosen disciples). This parable is rich with Kingdom dynamics, implications and applications for both 1<sup>st</sup> Century and 21<sup>st</sup> Century followers of Jesus!

THE BIG PICTURE: An act of SABOTAGE produces a MIXED crop that will be SORTED OUT later.

**COMPARABLE PARABLES:** In "the Sower", we see ONE kind of seed sown by ONE planter in FOUR different environments with FOUR different outcomes. In "the Wheat & the Weeds", we see TWO kinds of seed sown by TWO planters in ONE place with TWO different outcomes.

**THE Q & A:** A fascinating feature of this parable is the dialogue between the servants and their Master (13:27-30). Identify the questions they asked and the answers He gave:

THE SERVANTS' QUESTIONS	THE MASTER'S ANSWERS
Q1. "Didn't you sow good seed?"	44 %4 5 5 5 6 7 7 8 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7
	A1. "An ENEMY has DONE this!"
Q2. "Do you want us to go and gather them?" $\rightarrow$	wheat! "Let BOTH grow TOGETHER until the HARVEST"

## THE ELEMENTS (13:24-30) THE INTERPRETATION (13:36-43) The Sower of the good seed = THE SON OF MAN The field = THE WORLD The good seed (wheat) = THE SONS OF THE KINGDOM The weeds (tares) = THE SONS OF THE EVIL ONE The enemy = THE DEVIL The harvest = THE END OF THE AGE The reapers (harvesters) = **ANGELS** The "burn" = HELL

**HEAVEN** 

The "barn" =

## PARABLE IMPLICATIONS (IMP's) & APPLICATIONS (APP's):

1)	The world is a		of good and evil! Both are growing		
	but in	directions (2 Tin	n 3:13-14) <mark>–</mark> one	e for the	
	and one for the!				
2)	Life has itsobserve in your ow	! (Gen 3:17-19) n life?	What are som	ne of the ones you	
3)	The whole world is 24:1-2; Acts 17:24			! (Mat 28:18; Psalm	
4)	Not all growth is _	growth, or	9	growth! (Col 2:19)	
5)	Not all who name a (Mat 7:21-23; 13:1	nd claim Christ are _ 4-15)		by Christ!	
6)		y to distinguish betwe (2 Tim 2:1			
<b>\$</b> :	•	ESTIONS: Does thi		•	
	What should we b	e doing?			
	And, what shouldr	't we be doing?			

© CORE MESSAGE: So, which one of the six statements above would you consider closest to the "core" or "bullseye" of what Jesus teaches in this parable?